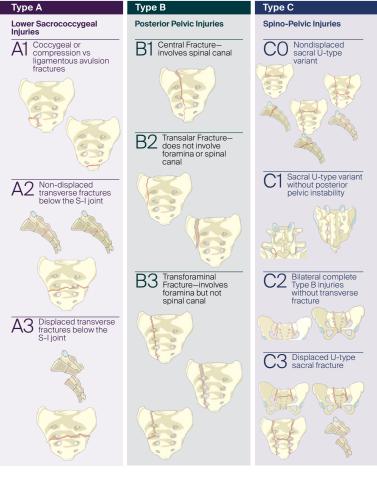


AO Spine Sacral Injury Classification System



Contact: research@aospine.org

Further information: www.aospine.org/classification

Sacral Fractures-Overview

Hierarchical system progressing from least to most unstable

- Type A Lower Sacrococcygeal Injuries No impact on posterior pelvic or spino-pelvic instability
- Type B Posterior Pelvic Iniuries Primary impact is on posterior pelvic stability
- Type C **Spino-Pelvic Injuries** Spino-pelvic instability

Neurology

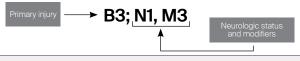
Modifiers

| Туре | Neurological | Туре | Description |
|------|---|------|-----------------------------|
| NO | Neurology intact | M1 | Soft tissue injury |
| N1 | Transient neurologic deficit | | |
| N2 | Radicular symptoms | M2 | Metabolic bone disease |
| N3 | Incomplete spinal cord injury or any degree of cauda equina injury | | |
| N4* | Complete spinal cord injury | МЗ | Anterior pelvic ring injury |
| NX | Cannot be examined | | Sacroiliac joint injury |
| + | Continued spinal cord compression | M4 | |

*The AO Spine Injury Classification Systems follow a universal neurological system for the whole spine. For the sacrum, N4 is theoretically and anatomically impossible.

Classification Nomenclature

Transforaminal fracture (B3) high energy injury associated with transient neurological deficit (N1) and anterior pelvic ring injury (M3)





© 2020 AO Foundation, AO Spine This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/